

SET A

History

1. Which statement regarding Mehrgarh is *false* ?

- (A) It is located in Pakistan.
- (B) Francois Javiez excavated this site.
- (C) It is located in the Khyber Valley route.
- (D) Its earliest strata are believed to date from 7000 BC to 5000 BC.

2. List 1

List 2

(Prehistoric Site/River)

(Location)

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| (a) Belan River | 1. Located in the central plateau region of Mirzapur. |
| (b) Sohan River | 2. Tributary of the Indus river. |
| (c) Vadmadurai | 3. Located in Maharashtra. |
| (d) Nevasa | 4. Located in the Kortallaiyar River valley. |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) 4 3 1 2

(B) 4 3 2 1

(C) 3 4 2 1

(D) 1 2 4 3

3. Shortughai, a site associated with the Indus-Saraswati civilization, is located at :
- (A) On the banks of the Berach River
 - (B) At the confluence of the Oxus and Kokcha rivers
 - (C) Near the Kamtahalla river valley
 - (D) None of the above
4. Apararka wrote a commentary on the *Yagyavalakya or yajnavalkya Smriti*. To which dynasty did King Apararka belong ?
- (A) Shailodbhava Dynasty
 - (B) Sena Dynasty
 - (C) Shilahara Dynasty
 - (D) Kakatiya Dynasty
5. Which of the following statements is *incorrect* ?
- (A) The Brahmi script can be considered the progenitor of most indigenous scripts of South Asia.
 - (B) Charles Wilkins, Captain Troyer, and W. H. Mill were among the prominent figures who deciphered Ashoka's Brahmi script.
 - (C) Pottery shards bearing Brahmi script characters, excavated from the 4th-century BCE stratum at Anuradhapura in Sri Lanka, serve as early evidence in this regard.
 - (D) None of the above

6. Several texts were composed rewriting the Ramayana. In which Ramayana is Ravana portrayed as a tragic hero, killed by Lakshmana ?

(A) *Ramacharitamanas*

(B) *Paumachariyu*

(C) *Kamban Ramayana*

(D) *Jataka*

7. Consider the following pairs :

(1) Leader of the revolution in Hansi (Haryana) in 1857 : Imam Ali Qalandar

(2) Leader of the revolution in 1857 in Faridabad (Haryana) : Dhanu Singh

(3) Leader of the revolution in 1857 in Ahirwal (Haryana) : Rao Tularam

How many of the above pairs are *correctly* matched ?

(A) Only one pair

(B) Only two pairs

(C) All three pairs

(D) None of the pair

8. Who was *not* among the authors of Rajatarangini ?

(A) Kalhan

(B) Srivara

(C) Pragma Bhatta

(D) Teevara

9. According to Alberuni, how many years are there between the beginning of the Vikram Samvat and the Saka Samvat ?

- (A) 57 years
- (B) 78 years
- (C) 135 years
- (D) 240 years

10. Consider the following pairs :

- (1) Excavation at Harappa by M. Wheeler : 1946
- (2) Commencement of excavation at Kalibangan by B. K. Thapar : 1960-61
- (3) Excavation of Mitathal by Surajbhan : 1968
- (4) Commencement of excavation at Dholavira by R. S. Bisht : 1990

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- (C) All three pairs
- (D) None of the pair

11. The site not associated with the Gandhara Grave Culture, located near the Hindu Kush Mountains, is :
- (A) Lobanar
 - (B) Birkot Ghundai
 - (C) Timargarh
 - (D) Sanauli
12. "The area extending a thousand Yojanas from the Himalayas to the sea is the ruling area of the Chakravarti king." From which book has this statement been taken ?
- (A) From *Vishnupuran*
 - (B) From *Mahabharata*
 - (C) From *Ramayana*
 - (D) From Kautilya *Arthashastra*.
13. Which Sena ruler patronized great scholars like Jayadeva, Dhoyi and Halayudha ?
- (A) Vijayasen
 - (B) Ballal Sen
 - (C) Laxman Sen
 - (D) None of the above

14. Which ruler had constructed Krishnashwar Temple and Gandamartandaditya Temple in Rameshwar ?

- (A) Amoghavarsha (B) Govind IV
(C) Krishna III (D) Amoghavarsha II

15. **List 1** **List 2**
(Text) **(Author)**

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| (a) Vikramovarshiya | 1. Ishwar Krishna |
| (b) Pratigya Yaugandhrayan | 2. Vishakhadutta |
| (c) Devichandraguptam | 3. Bhasa |
| (d) Sankhyakarika | 4. Kalidas |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

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16. What was Masatthuvan ?

- (A) A successful merchant
(B) A defeated king
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17. Who and when published *the treatises related to epigraphy, Indian Epigraphy and Indian Epigraphical Glossary* ?
- (A) Colin Mackenzie, 1820
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- (A) *The Kitabul Hind* was divided into eighty chapters.
 - (B) He died in Ghazni.
 - (C) He translated Patanjali's grammar into Arabic.
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19. A Muslim writer who came to India in 1620 became a monk :
- (A) Mahmud Wali Balkhi
 - (B) Abdur Razzaq
 - (C) Sheikh Ali Hazin
 - (D) Ibn Juzayy
20. Dedicated his work to the French emperor Louis XIV.
- (A) French jeweller Tavernier
 - (B) Duarte Barbosa
 - (C) Physician Manucci
 - (D) Francois Bernier

21. Consider the following pairs :

(Books)	(Year)
(1) Compilation of Alamgirnama by Muhammad Kazim	: 1668
(2) Beginning of writing of <i>HumayunNama</i> by Gulbadan Begum	: 1603
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22. During the time of Ibn Battuta, Tarababad Bazaar in Daulatabad was famous for what ?

- (A) For coral and pearls
- (B) For iron goods
- (C) For male and female singers
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23. Which of the following statements is *false* ?

- (A) Rajaraja Chola and Rajendra Chola conquered Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Singapore, and Indonesia.
- (B) In the seventh century, Bappa Rawal defeated the Afghans, Persians, and Arabs.
- (C) Kambu and Kaundinya established Hindu empires in Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, and Thailand 2000 years ago.
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24. Which of the following temples belongs to the Vaishnavism sect ?

- (A) Chidambaram Temple
- (B) Thanjavur Temple
- (C) Gangaikondacholapuram Temple
- (D) None of the above

25. What is *Gitan* in the medieval period ?

- (A) A devotional song
- (B) A type of cloth
- (C) A province
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26. Which statement regarding Firoz Shah Tughlaq is *incorrect* ?
- (A) He attacked the Jagannath Puri temple in 1360 and had the idol thrown into the sea.
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27. Who said, "Hindus have witnessed many scenes of battle and violence. But they never dreamed that there could be a single caste (religion) in the world that would find pleasure in breaking idols and desecrating temples."
- (A) Ashirbadi Lal Srivastava
 - (B) V. S. Naipaul
 - (C) Dr. Ishwari Prasad
 - (D) Ramdhari Singh Dinkar
28. When was Hampi declared a World Heritage Site by UNESCO ?
- (A) 1955
 - (B) 1966
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29.

List 1

List 2

(Facts about the Vijayanagara Empire)

(Related)

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| (a) Kudirai | 1. Bhavan |
| (b) Hiriya | 2. Manch |
| (c) Mahanavami Dibba | 3. Merchants' Group |
| (d) Kamal Mahal | 4. Canal |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

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30. Which scholar described the Vijayanagara ruler Krishnadeva Raya as "of medium height, fair complexion, well built, somewhat obese, and with smallpox marks on his face ?"

- (A) Nicolo de Conti
- (B) Abdur Razzaq
- (C) Duarte Barbosa
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31. What was the Tazkira text about ?
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32. The Manchester Cotton Company was established in Britain by the British to promote cotton production in India. When was this company established ?
- (A) 1840
 - (B) 1859
 - (C) 1895
 - (D) 1905
33. Who wrote the book 'History of British India' ?
- (A) T. R. Holmes
 - (B) James Mill
 - (C) James Tod
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34. Consider the following pairs :

- (1) Roma Lola's (Romain Rolland) statement - If you want to know India, read Vivekananda.
- (2) Subhas Chandra Bose's statement - Vivekananda was the compassion of Buddha and the brain of Shankaracharya.
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List 1

List 2

(Structure)

(Year)

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| (a) Indian Museum, Calcutta established | 1. 1880 |
| (b) Government Museum, Madras established | 2. 1955 |
| (c) National Museum founded | 3. 1814 |
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Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

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36.	List 1	List 2
	(Press Act)	(Year)
(a)	Vernacular Press Act	1. 1910
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(c)	Indian Press Act	3. 1908
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- (A) Bhakti Saint Shankardeva was related with Shaivism.
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- 38.** Which of the following is *not* a composition of Tulsidas ?
- (A) Ramagya Prashna
- (B) Vairagya Sandipani
- (C) Ramlala Nahachhu
- (D) Shiva Mangal

39. Who were the Haoladars and Gantidars in Bengal during the British period ?

- (A) Wealthy farmers and chieftains
- (B) Cloth merchants
- (C) Iron and wood traders
- (D) Goods carriers

40.

List 1

List 2

(Personality)

(Work)

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|---------------------------|--|
| (a) Maharaja Mehtab Chand | 1. Discoverer of natural resources in tribal areas |
| (b) Augustus Cleveland | 2. Police Inspector of Sitapur in 1857 |
| (c) Francis Buchanan | 3. Collector of Bhagalpur in 1781 |
| (d) Francois Siston | 4. King of Bardhaman |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

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41. Mohindra College in Patiala, Punjab, established in 1872, was initially affiliated with which university ?
- (A) Guru Nanak Dev University
 - (B) Punjab University
 - (C) Patiala University
 - (D) Calcutta University
42. Who was the author of the book *Digest of Hindu Law* ?
- (A) William Jones and Colebrooke
 - (B) Max Muller
 - (C) Warren Hastings
 - (D) None of the above
43. The expansion of railway lines in India began in 1853. By 1947, how much had the railway lines in India expanded ?
- (A) 210,495 km of line was built.
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45. When was Gandhiji arrested on charges of sedition during the Non-Cooperation Movement ?

- (A) January, 1920 (B) May, 1921
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46. When did the Congress Working Committee declare that 'Congress members cannot be members of the Hindu Mahasabha' ?

- (A) 1938 (B) 1939
- (C) 1940 (D) 1941

47. Which magazine mocked Gandhiji by calling him 'spindly-Frame' and 'spidery-loins' ?
- (A) TIME magazine (B) Kesari
(C) Maratha (D) Indian News
48. Which of the following statements is *false* ?
- (A) On July 26, 1945, the Labour Party government came to power in Britain.
(B) On May 16, 1946, the Cabinet Mission announced its constitutional plan.
(C) On July 13, 1947, the Muslim League demanded the dissolution of the Constituent Assembly.
(D) On August 11, 1947, Jinnah was elected President of the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan.
49. Who said, "Separate electorates are a poison that has permeated the entire politics of our country. Which pitted one community against another, fragmented the nation, gave rise to bloodshed, and led to the partition of the country."
- (A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Abul Kalam Azad
(C) Mohammad Ali Jinnah (D) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
50. The Sanatan Dharma Sabha was established in Jhajjar, Haryana, in 1886. Who was its founder ?
- (A) Deen Dayalu Sharma
(B) Rampravesh Singh
(C) Jagdev Sharma
(D) Goswami Ganesh Dutt

SET B

History

1. The site not associated with the Gandhara Grave Culture, located near the Hindu Kush Mountains, is :
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(Location)

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- (C) All three pairs
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SET C

History

1. Which statement regarding Firoz Shah Tughlaq is *incorrect* ?
 - (A) He attacked the Jagannath Puri temple in 1360 and had the idol thrown into the sea.
 - (B) He destroyed the Jwalamukhi temple in Nagarkot.
 - (C) He said that "anyone who recites the Kalma and accepts Islam will be exempted from the Jizya tax."
 - (D) None of the above
2. Who said, "Hindus have witnessed many scenes of battle and violence. But they never dreamed that there could be a single caste (religion) in the world that would find pleasure in breaking idols and desecrating temples."
 - (A) Ashirbadi Lal Srivastava
 - (B) V. S. Naipaul
 - (C) Dr. Ishwari Prasad
 - (D) Ramdhari Singh Dinkar
3. When was Hampi declared a World Heritage Site by UNESCO ?
 - (A) 1955
 - (B) 1966
 - (C) 1976
 - (D) 1986

4.	List 1	List 2
	(Facts about the Vijayanagara Empire)	(Related)
	(a) Kudirai	1. Bhavan
	(b) Hiriya	2. Manch
	(c) Mahanavami Dibba	3. Merchants' Group
	(d) Kamal Mahal	4. Canal

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) 4 3 1 2
- (B) 4 3 2 1
- (C) 3 4 2 1
- (D) 1 2 4 3
5. Which scholar described the Vijayanagara ruler Krishnadeva Raya as "of medium height, fair complexion, well built, somewhat obese, and with smallpox marks on his face ?"
- (A) Nicolo de Conti
- (B) Abdur Razzaq
- (C) Duarte Barbosa
- (D) Domingo Paes

6. What was the Tazkira text about ?
- (A) A recollection of the biographies of Sufi Saints
 - (B) A collection of written letters
 - (C) A conversation between Sufi Saints
 - (D) A treatise on Sufi thought
7. The Manchester Cotton Company was established in Britain by the British to promote cotton production in India. When was this company established ?
- (A) 1840
 - (B) 1859
 - (C) 1895
 - (D) 1905
8. Who wrote the book 'History of British India' ?
- (A) T. R. Holmes
 - (B) James Mill
 - (C) James Tod
 - (D) Thomas Babington Macaulay

9. Consider the following pairs :

- (1) Roma Lola's (Romain Rolland) statement - If you want to know India, read Vivekananda.
- (2) Subhas Chandra Bose's statement - Vivekananda was the compassion of Buddha and the brain of Shankaracharya.
- (3) Mahatma Gandhi's statement - There is no need for any preface or introduction to know Vivekananda.

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched ?

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10.	List 1 (Structure)	List 2 (Year)
(a)	Indian Museum, Calcutta established	1. 1880
(b)	Government Museum, Madras established	2. 1955
(c)	National Museum founded	3. 1814
(d)	H.H. Cole appointed curator of ancient buildings	4. 1851

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

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11.	List 1	List 2
	(Press Act)	(Year)
(a)	Vernacular Press Act	1. 1910
(b)	Newspaper (Incitement to Offences) Act	2. 1931
(c)	Indian Press Act	3. 1908
(d)	Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act	4. 1978

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- (A) 4 3 1 2
- (B) 4 3 2 1
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- (D) 1 2 4 3
- 12.** Which statement regarding the Bhakti period is *false* ?
- (A) Bhakti Saint Shankardeva was related with Shaivism.
- (B) Shankardeva established the prayer house 'Namghar'.
- (C) Shankardeva was an important saint of Assam.
- (D) Sankardev was the originator of Ek Sharan Sect or Mahapurushiya Sect.
- 13.** Which of the following is *not* a composition of Tulsidas ?
- (A) Ramagya Prashna
- (B) Vairagya Sandipani
- (C) Ramlala Nahachhu
- (D) Shiva Mangal

14. Who were the Haoladars and Gantidars in Bengal during the British period ?

- (A) Wealthy farmers and chieftains
- (B) Cloth merchants
- (C) Iron and wood traders
- (D) Goods carriers

15.

List 1

List 2

(Personality)

(Work)

- | | |
|---------------------------|--|
| (a) Maharaja Mehtab Chand | 1. Discoverer of natural resources in tribal areas |
| (b) Augustus Cleveland | 2. Police Inspector of Sitapur in 1857 |
| (c) Francis Buchanan | 3. Collector of Bhagalpur in 1781 |
| (d) Francois Siston | 4. King of Bardhaman |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

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(b)	William Jones founded the Asiatic Society	2. 1784
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- (A) From *Vishnupuran*
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 - (C) From *Ramayana*
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38. Which Sena ruler patronized great scholars like Jayadeva, Dhoyi and Halayudha ?
- (A) Vijayasen
 - (B) Ballal Sen
 - (C) Laxman Sen
 - (D) None of the above

39. Which ruler had constructed Krishnashwar Temple and Gandamartandaditya Temple in Rameshwar ?

- (A) Amoghavarsha (B) Govind IV
(C) Krishna III (D) Amoghavarsha II

40.

List 1

List 2

(Text)

(Author)

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| (a) Vikramovarshiya | 1. Ishwar Krishna |
| (b) Pratigya Yaugandhrayan | 2. Vishakhadutta |
| (c) Devichandraguptam | 3. Bhasa |
| (d) Sankhyakarika | 4. Kalidas |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- (A) 4 3 1 2
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41. What was Masatthuvan ?

- (A) A successful merchant
(B) A defeated king
(C) A forest-dwelling archer
(D) None of the above

42. Who and when published *the treatises related to epigraphy, Indian Epigraphy and Indian Epigraphical Glossary* ?
- (A) Colin Mackenzie, 1820
 - (B) James Prinsep, 1848
 - (C) Alexander Cunningham, 1887
 - (D) D. C. Sircar, 1966
43. Which statement regarding Alberuni is *incorrect* ?
- (A) *The Kitabul Hind* was divided into eighty chapters.
 - (B) He died in Ghazni.
 - (C) He translated Patanjali's grammar into Arabic.
 - (D) He was well versed in Greek.
44. A Muslim writer who came to India in 1620 became a monk :
- (A) Mahmud Wali Balkhi
 - (B) Abdur Razzaq
 - (C) Sheikh Ali Hazin
 - (D) Ibn Juzayy
45. Dedicated his work to the French emperor Louis XIV.
- (A) French jeweller Tavernier
 - (B) Duarte Barbosa
 - (C) Physician Manucci
 - (D) Francois Bernier

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(Books)	(Year)
(1) Compilation of Alamgirnama by Muhammad Kazim	: 1668
(2) Beginning of writing of <i>HumayunNama</i> by Gulbadan Begum	: 1603
(3) Translation of <i>Baburnama</i> into Persian	: 1589

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47. During the time of Ibn Battuta, Tarababad Bazaar in Daulatabad was famous for what ?

- (A) For coral and pearls
- (B) For iron goods
- (C) For male and female singers
- (D) For the mint

48. Which of the following statements is *false* ?

- (A) Rajaraja Chola and Rajendra Chola conquered Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Singapore, and Indonesia.
- (B) In the seventh century, Bappa Rawal defeated the Afghans, Persians, and Arabs.
- (C) Kambu and Kaundinya established Hindu empires in Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, and Thailand 2000 years ago.
- (D) None of the above

49. Which of the following temples belongs to the Vaishnavism sect ?

- (A) Chidambaram Temple
- (B) Thanjavur Temple
- (C) Gangaikondacholapuram Temple
- (D) None of the above

50. What is *Gitan* in the medieval period ?

- (A) A devotional song
- (B) A type of cloth
- (C) A province
- (D) A script

SET D

History

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 - (C) Laxman Sen
 - (D) None of the above

24. Which ruler had constructed Krishnashwar Temple and Gandamartandaditya Temple in Rameshwar ?

- (A) Amoghavarsha (B) Govind IV
(C) Krishna III (D) Amoghavarsha II

25.

List 1

List 2

(Text)

(Author)

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| (a) Vikramavarshiya | 1. Ishwar Krishna |
| (b) Pratigya Yaugandhrayan | 2. Vishakhadutta |
| (c) Devichandraguptam | 3. Bhasa |
| (d) Sankhyakarika | 4. Kalidas |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- (A) 4 3 1 2
(B) 4 3 2 1
(C) 3 4 2 1
(D) 1 2 4 3

26. What was Masatthuvan ?

- (A) A successful merchant
(B) A defeated king
(C) A forest-dwelling archer
(D) None of the above

27. Who and when published *the treatises related to epigraphy, Indian Epigraphy and Indian Epigraphical Glossary* ?
- (A) Colin Mackenzie, 1820
 - (B) James Prinsep, 1848
 - (C) Alexander Cunningham, 1887
 - (D) D. C. Sircar, 1966
28. Which statement regarding Alberuni is *incorrect* ?
- (A) *The Kitabul Hind* was divided into eighty chapters.
 - (B) He died in Ghazni.
 - (C) He translated Patanjali's grammar into Arabic.
 - (D) He was well versed in Greek.
29. A Muslim writer who came to India in 1620 became a monk :
- (A) Mahmud Wali Balkhi
 - (B) Abdur Razzaq
 - (C) Sheikh Ali Hazin
 - (D) Ibn Juzayy
30. Dedicated his work to the French emperor Louis XIV.
- (A) French jeweller Tavernier
 - (B) Duarte Barbosa
 - (C) Physician Manucci
 - (D) Francois Bernier

31. Consider the following pairs :

(Books)	(Year)
(1) Compilation of Alamgirnama by Muhammad Kazim	: 1668
(2) Beginning of writing of <i>HumayunNama</i> by Gulbadan Begum	: 1603
(3) Translation of <i>Baburnama</i> into Persian	: 1589

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched ?

- (A) Only one pair
- (B) Only two pairs
- (C) All three pairs
- (D) None of the pair

32. During the time of Ibn Battuta, Tarababad Bazaar in Daulatabad was famous for what ?

- (A) For coral and pearls
- (B) For iron goods
- (C) For male and female singers
- (D) For the mint

33. Which of the following statements is *false* ?

- (A) Rajaraja Chola and Rajendra Chola conquered Sri Lanka, Malaysia, Singapore, and Indonesia.
- (B) In the seventh century, Bappa Rawal defeated the Afghans, Persians, and Arabs.
- (C) Kambu and Kaundinya established Hindu empires in Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, and Thailand 2000 years ago.
- (D) None of the above

34. Which of the following temples belongs to the Vaishnavism sect ?

- (A) Chidambaram Temple
- (B) Thanjavur Temple
- (C) Gangaikondacholapuram Temple
- (D) None of the above

35. What is *Gitan* in the medieval period ?

- (A) A devotional song
- (B) A type of cloth
- (C) A province
- (D) A script

36. Which statement regarding Firoz Shah Tughlaq is *incorrect* ?
- (A) He attacked the Jagannath Puri temple in 1360 and had the idol thrown into the sea.
 - (B) He destroyed the Jwalamukhi temple in Nagarkot.
 - (C) He said that "anyone who recites the Kalma and accepts Islam will be exempted from the Jizya tax."
 - (D) None of the above
37. Who said, "Hindus have witnessed many scenes of battle and violence. But they never dreamed that there could be a single caste (religion) in the world that would find pleasure in breaking idols and desecrating temples."
- (A) Ashirbadi Lal Srivastava
 - (B) V. S. Naipaul
 - (C) Dr. Ishwari Prasad
 - (D) Ramdhari Singh Dinkar
38. When was Hampi declared a World Heritage Site by UNESCO ?
- (A) 1955
 - (B) 1966
 - (C) 1976
 - (D) 1986

39.

List 1

List 2

(Facts about the Vijayanagara Empire)

(Related)

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| (a) Kudirai | 1. Bhavan |
| (b) Hiriya | 2. Manch |
| (c) Mahanavami Dibba | 3. Merchants' Group |
| (d) Kamal Mahal | 4. Canal |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) 4 3 1 2

(B) 4 3 2 1

(C) 3 4 2 1

(D) 1 2 4 3

40. Which scholar described the Vijayanagara ruler Krishnadeva Raya as "of medium height, fair complexion, well built, somewhat obese, and with smallpox marks on his face ?"

- (A) Nicolo de Conti
- (B) Abdur Razzaq
- (C) Duarte Barbosa
- (D) Domingo Paes

41. What was the Tazkira text about ?
- (A) A recollection of the biographies of Sufi Saints
 - (B) A collection of written letters
 - (C) A conversation between Sufi Saints
 - (D) A treatise on Sufi thought
42. The Manchester Cotton Company was established in Britain by the British to promote cotton production in India. When was this company established ?
- (A) 1840
 - (B) 1859
 - (C) 1895
 - (D) 1905
43. Who wrote the book 'History of British India' ?
- (A) T. R. Holmes
 - (B) James Mill
 - (C) James Tod
 - (D) Thomas Babington Macaulay

44. Consider the following pairs :

- (1) Roma Lola's (Romain Rolland) statement - If you want to know India, read Vivekananda.
- (2) Subhas Chandra Bose's statement - Vivekananda was the compassion of Buddha and the brain of Shankaracharya.
- (3) Mahatma Gandhi's statement - There is no need for any preface or introduction to know Vivekananda.

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched ?

- (A) Only one pair
- (B) Only two pairs
- (C) All three pairs
- (D) None of the pair

45.	List 1 (Structure)	List 2 (Year)
(a)	Indian Museum, Calcutta established	1. 1880
(b)	Government Museum, Madras established	2. 1955
(c)	National Museum founded	3. 1814
(d)	H.H. Cole appointed curator of ancient buildings	4. 1851

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) 4 3 1 2
 - (B) 4 3 2 1
 - (C) 3 4 2 1
 - (D) 1 2 4 3

46.	List 1	List 2
	(Press Act)	(Year)
(a)	Vernacular Press Act	1. 1910
(b)	Newspaper (Incitement to Offences) Act	2. 1931
(c)	Indian Press Act	3. 1908
(d)	Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act	4. 1978

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) 4 3 1 2
- (B) 4 3 2 1
- (C) 3 4 2 1
- (D) 1 2 4 3
- 47.** Which statement regarding the Bhakti period is *false* ?
- (A) Bhakti Saint Shankardeva was related with Shaivism.
- (B) Shankardeva established the prayer house 'Namghar'.
- (C) Shankardeva was an important saint of Assam.
- (D) Sankardev was the originator of Ek Sharan Sect or Mahapurushiya Sect.
- 48.** Which of the following is *not* a composition of Tulsidas ?
- (A) Ramagya Prashna
- (B) Vairagya Sandipani
- (C) Ramlala Nahachhu
- (D) Shiva Mangal

49. Who were the Haoladars and Gantidars in Bengal during the British period ?

- (A) Wealthy farmers and chieftains
- (B) Cloth merchants
- (C) Iron and wood traders
- (D) Goods carriers

50.

List 1

List 2

(Personality)

(Work)

- | | |
|---------------------------|--|
| (a) Maharaja Mehtab Chand | 1. Discoverer of natural resources in tribal areas |
| (b) Augustus Cleveland | 2. Police Inspector of Sitapur in 1857 |
| (c) Francis Buchanan | 3. Collector of Bhagalpur in 1781 |
| (d) Francois Siston | 4. King of Bardhaman |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- (A) 4 3 1 2
- (B) 4 3 2 1
- (C) 3 4 2 1
- (D) 1 2 4 3